Textbook Page 607 #3, 4, 6 ANSWERS

- 3. (a) 0 (element)
 (f) -3

 (b) +6
 (g) +3

 (c) -2
 (h) +7

 (d) -1 (monatomic ion)
 (i) -2

 (e) +2
 (j) +4
- 4. (a) $\overset{-4}{C}H_4(g) + \overset{+1}{H}_2\overset{-2}{O}(g) \rightarrow \overset{+2}{C}\overset{-2}{O}(g) + 3\overset{0}{H}_2(g)$ The carbon is oxidized and the hydrogen is reduced.
 - (b) $8 \overset{+1}{H^{+}}(aq) + \overset{+7}{MnO_{4}^{-}}(aq) + \overset{+2}{Fe^{2+}}(aq) \rightarrow \overset{+2}{Mn^{2+}}(aq) + \overset{+3}{Fe^{3+}}(aq) + 4 \overset{+1}{H_{2}^{-2}O(I)}$ The iron is oxidized and the manganese is reduced.
 - (c) $\operatorname{Cu}(s) + 2\operatorname{AgNO}_{3}(aq) \rightarrow 2\operatorname{Ag}(s) + \operatorname{Cu}(\operatorname{NO}_{3})_{2}(aq)$ The copper is oxidized and the silver is reduced.
- 6. (a) $\overset{+1}{HCI}(g) + \overset{-3}{NH}_{3}(g) \rightarrow \overset{-3}{NH}_{4}CI(s)$ (the chloride is a monatomic ion) This is NOT a redox reaction (no changes in oxidation numbers).
 - (b) $\operatorname{SiCl}_4(I) + 2 \operatorname{Mg}(s) \rightarrow 2 \operatorname{MgCl}_2(s) + \operatorname{Si}(s)$ SiCl₄ is the oxidizing agent. Mg is the reducing agent. Magnesium is oxidized. Silicon is reduced.
 - (c) $\overset{+2}{CO}(g) + \overset{+1}{H_2O}(g) \rightarrow \overset{+4}{CO_2}(g) + \overset{0}{H_2}(g)$ H_2O is the oxidizing agent. CO is the reducing agent. Carbon is oxidized. Hydrogen is reduced.